



Planning for Social and Economic Recovery

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Why it Matters?

- Violent conflict has spiked dramatically since 2010, and the fragility landscape is becoming more complex.
- Global trends as climate change, demographic shifts, new technologies, illicit financial flows and transnational ideological movements are shaping fragility dynamics.
- Low-, middle- and high-income countries are affected by fragility risks, some far away from where the problems start.
- By 2030, countries facing fragility, conflict and violence (FCV) will be home to 2/3 of the world's extreme poor.

**Multidimensional, Context-based and
Preventive Responses**

X

Business-as-usual

1. Getting to the Root Causes

- Differentiated and risk-based approach – from supporting Disarmament, Demobilization, and Reintegration, gender impacts, and the return to essential state functions to **invest in conflict prevention and resilience** (Pathways for Peace, Inclusive Approaches to Preventing Violent Conflict).
- **Scaling-up responses** to forced displacement and actions against cultural diversity.
- Operationalizing the **humanitarian-peace-development nexus**.
- **Maximizing finance** for development, promoting innovative financing.
- Enhancing effectiveness by improving expertise, increasing flexibility, and **leveraging knowledge**.

2. Pre-Conditions

- ✓ Hope
- ✓ Trust
- ✓ Incentives
- ✓ Accountability

Understanding people and their communities:
their values, confidence in the future,
trust in institutions, perceptions of risk,
and experience of exclusion and injustice.



Inclusive decision making at all levels

- Policy dialogue on sensitive issues
- Adapted macroeconomic policies
- Institutional reforms in core state functions
- Redistributive policies



Comprehensive Analysis

- “Fragility lens” in diagnostics, strategies, and projects design.
- Recovery and peacebuilding assessments

3. Level of Resilience

1. **Risk Preparedness** (preventive actions)
 - Documentation and Storage (Inventories, database)
 - Maintenance
 - Investment in know-how
 - Monitoring of risks
2. **Post-conflict Recovery** (actions taken in the first 10 days, when most decisions for the disposition of damaged structures are made)
 - Expertise
 - Investments prioritization
 - Awareness Raising
3. **Post-conflict Reconstruction** (medium and long-term actions following a peace agreement)
 - Participatory decision making and resource allocation
 - Policies
 - Land use planning and building codes
 - Inclusive economic incentives

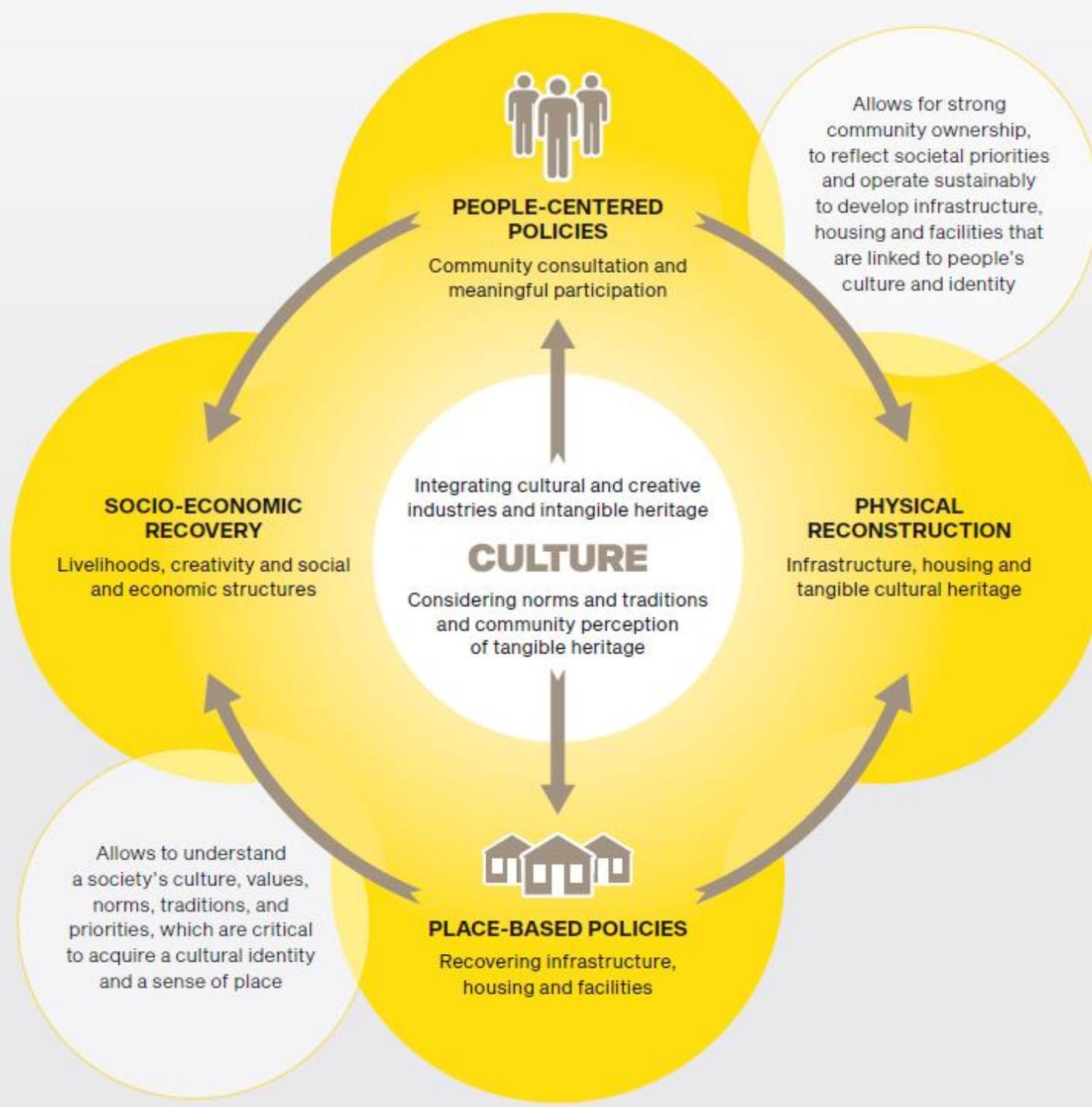
4. Coalitions

- Mobilization of a coalition of **domestic agents** to **influence incentives** towards peace and to **manage tensions**.
- Decisive **leadership** that **provides incentives** and **appeals to norms and values** that support peace.

**Long-term policies
to address economic, social,
and political aspirations**

Direct impact on the **sustainability of agreements** reached:

- ✓ Participation of **young people** as well as of the organizations, movements, and networks that represent them.
- ✓ **Women's** meaningful participation in all aspects of peace, security and recovery/reconstruction.





PEACE CONSOLIDATION

Restoration of the 16th century bridge destroyed during the fighting in the Bosnian war between Muslims and Croats in 1993 became the symbol of reconciliation, economic revitalization and social cohesion in Bosnia's peace consolidation.

POST-CONFLICT RECONSTRUCTION

Afghan potters were taken to Japan to revive the Istalif distinctive, turquoise-glazed pottery, one of the country's most recognizable craft traditions. With regained confidence, after returning home, they created new designs, reopened shops, and rebuilt an economic stream.



DURING CONFRONTATION

South Sudanese activists used music, poetry, theatre, comedy, dance and fashion to preach tolerance in the world's youngest nation divided by civil war.



CULTURE

PEACE BUILDING

When hostilities ended in Iraq, Japanese troops were sent to distribute humanitarian aid. To build trust with the communities and reduce fear, they placed *anime* character Captain Masjid stickers on their water tanks.



DURING CONFLICT

Kurdish artists boost understanding of peace by easing fear of the military border. Artists painted rocks, piazzas and checkpoints as symbols of peace. Checkpoint soldiers joined in the painting.

